

## **Arguments and Evidence**

Student Name	Date	
the goal of the	"It must be acknowledged that most athletes, coaches, and school administrations identifyer athletic programs in one word: winning. Is this a sign that we've lost touch with the ale for including sport in education?"	
THESIS:		
Argument 1:	"We value winning precisely for the virtues associated with it."	
	Evidence A:	
	Evidence B:	
	Evidence C:	
	Evidence D:	
<b>Argument 2:</b> "Plato's traditional parts of <i>arête</i> : piety, sophrosune, courage, and justice are manifest in modern athletic ideals of self-knowledge, discipline, courage and justice."		
	Evidence A:	
	Evidence B:	
	Evidence C:	

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	Evidence D:	
	"Excessive focus on the analytical idea of winning threatens to undermine the cultivation give athletics its educational value."	
	Evidence A:	
	Evidence B:	
	Evidence C:	
	Evidence D:	
<b>Conclusion:</b> "Once we recognize that the very reason we should value winning is for the virtues we associate with it, we must accept that winning analytically without manifesting the associated virtues is not winning at all – at least not the sort of winning scholastic athletic programs should strive for."		
KEY DEFINITIONS:		
Arête –		
Analytic victor	v-	
Sophrosune –		
Dikaisonue –		

The Victor's Virtue: A Cultural History of Sport — http://edsitement.neh.gov/view\_lesson\_plan.asp?id=586